



NEW ZEALAND GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

All Public Notifications which appear in this Gazette with any Official Signature thereunto annexed, are to be considered as Official Communications made to those Persons to whom they may relate, and are to be obeyed accordingly.

By His Excellency's Command,

HENRY SEWELL, Colonial Secretary.

VOL. IV.] AUCKLAND, MONDAY, MAY 19, 1856. [No. 17.

PROCLAMATION.

By his Excellency Colonel THOMAS GORE BROWNE, Companion of the most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

WHEREAS, by an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The Waste Lands Act, 1854," it is provided that if the Superintendent and Provincial Council of any Province shall recommend to the Governor any Regulations for the sale, letting, disposal, and occupation of the Waste Lands of the Crown within such Province, it shall be lawful for such Governor, if he shall think fit with the advice of his Executive Council, by Proclamation in the New Zealand Government Gazette, to issue and put in force such Regulations within such Province, on a day to be named in the Gazette in which the same shall be published, not being less than one calendar month from the publication thereof.

AND WHEREAS the Superintendent and the Provincial Council of the Province of Nelson have recommended to me the following Regulations for the sale, letting, disposal, and occupation of the Waste Lands of the Crown within the said Province.

Now therefore I, the Governor, pursuant to the authority vested in me in that behalf by the said recited Act, do hereby, with the advice of the Executive Council, proclaim and

issue the following Regulations; and I do hereby declare that the same shall come into force on the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

Given under my hand and issued under the public seal of the Islands of New Zealand, at Auckland, in the Islands aforesaid, this fourteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

THOMAS GORE BROWNE,
Governor.

By his Excellency's command,

HENRY SEWELL,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

REGULATIONS

For the Sale and Disposal of the Waste Lands of the Crown within the Province of Nelson.

I. General.

1. All Regulations now in force in the Province of Nelson for the sale, letting, disposal and occupation of the Waste Lands of the Crown (except such Regulations as are hereinafter confirmed), are hereby repealed from and after the day when these Regulations shall come into operation, and all such waste lands shall, from and after such day, be sold and disposed of according to these Regulations, and not otherwise.

II. Surveys and Reserves.

2. No lands, other than those heretofore surveyed by the New Zealand Company or under the authority of the General Government before these Regulations shall have come in force, shall be offered for sale in any district until the principal Surveyor of the General Government within the Province, or other officer duly authorized in that behalf, shall have notified to the Superintendent that the Native title has been extinguished in such district, and shall have transmitted, with such notification, an outline map, signed by such Surveyor or other Officer, and distinguished by some number or mark; showing the boundaries of the district and of the lands (if any) reserved within such district for the use of the Natives, and exhibiting, so far as practicable, the character and natural features of the lands included in such district, accompanied by such written information relating thereto as cannot be conveyed by a map.

3. So soon as such notification and map shall have been received, proper surveys shall, with all convenient speed, be made in such district; and the Superintendent with the advice and consent of his Executive Council, shall divide the same into Counties and Hundreds, and shall from time to time make reserves for the sites of towns and villages, or for lines of internal communication, whether by roads, canals, railways or otherwise; or for the laying out of drains around or through districts which are of a swampy character, or for quays and landing-places, or for the general convenience of trade and navigation; or as the sites of Churches, Court Houses, Markets, Hospitals, Prisons, or other public edifices; or as Cemeteries; or as places necessary for the embellishment or health of towns, or the recreation of the inhabitants thereof; or otherwise for any purpose of public utility, convenience or enjoyment.

4. One thirty-second part of land, of average value in every district, shall also be set apart and reserved as an endowment for the purposes of education.

5. All such reserves shall be notified in the "Government Gazette" of the Province, and the lands so reserved (except such as shall be reserved as sites for towns or villages, or for purposes of education) and all roads, or reserves for roads, streets, and squares throughout the Province, shall be vested in the Superintendent under "The Public Reserves Act, 1854"; and all reserves for purposes of education shall be vested in an Education Board lawfully constituted.

6. The Governor will make such reserves for purposes of Military Defence, or for the

Civil Service and use of the General Government, as he shall deem expedient.

7. Reserves, lines of road, and sections shall be laid down on the proper maps of each district, each section in a district having a distinguishing number or mark. A separate plan shall be made of each town site.

8. Roads and streets shall not be less than one chain in width, except where local circumstances shall render an adherence to this rule impracticable.

9. In laying out sections the following rules shall be adhered to as nearly as possible:—

1. Every section shall front on a road.
2. Road and water frontages, and natural advantages shall be equally distributed.
3. Road frontage shall not exceed two-thirds of the depth of a section except where a road intersects a section.
4. Natural boundaries shall be taken advantage of.
5. Except in the case of natural boundaries the sections shall be rectilinear.

10. Sections of town, suburban, and mineral land, may be of such size as the Superintendent, acting with the advice of his Executive Council and the Commissioner of Crown Lands, shall from time determine. No section of rural land shall be less than ten, nor more than one hundred and fifty acres; nor of pasture land less than eighty, nor more than four hundred acres. Within the above limits any section may at any time previous to sale be altered or subdivided by the Superintendent, with the advice of his Executive Council and the Commissioner of Crown Lands, but no alteration shall take place between the time of advertising the same for sale and the time of sale; provided always, that under special circumstances proprietors may be permitted to complete their properties by the purchase of adjoining lands in blocks of irregular shape not exceeding forty acres, which, at the option of the applicant, will be either put up to auction or taken by him at a fixed price to be assessed by the Superintendent acting as aforesaid and having relation to the average value of land of the same character.

11. An authentic copy of the map or plan of every district and town site, signed by the principal Surveyor, and all reports of the Surveyors respecting the same shall be deposited in the Land Office, and shall at all times thereafter, during office hours, remain open to public inspection. And any correction in the said maps and plans, requisite in consequence of further reserves, or of alterations in the size or shape of any sec-

tion of land or town site, or otherwise, shall be duly made at the time when such reserve or alteration is determined upon; and all such maps shall clearly exhibit the lands sold and those about to be offered for sale, or which, having been so offered but not sold, are open for selection at a fixed price; and for the better information of the public with respect to such lands, there shall be delineated on the maps as many as possible of the natural features of the country, as hills, rivers, woods, and so forth.

III. Selections for Religious Purposes.

12. Ministers or trustees of religious Bodies shall, either before or after any district is open for selection, be at liberty to apply to the Superintendent for permission to purchase land, not exceeding one acre in any town site, as sites for Churches, Chapels, Schools, or other buildings devoted to religious purposes, and not exceeding twenty acres in any country district for burial grounds, or as sites for Churches, Chapels or Schools; and upon any such application being recommended by the Superintendent, with the advice of his Executive Council and the Commissioner of Crown Lands, the applicants or other persons on behalf of the religious Body shall be permitted to purchase the land applied for, at such rate as shall be fixed by the Superintendent and his Executive Council, not being less than ten pounds an acre for town land, or ten shillings an acre for other land.

IV. Land Sales.

13. The Superintendent shall from time to time by proclamation in the "Government Gazette," notify the districts which shall be open to general purchase, and all lands about to be offered for sale, and the class to which they respectively belong.

14. For the purposes of sale the lands of the Province shall be classed by the Superintendent, with the advice of his Executive Council and the Commissioner of Crown Land, under five heads:---

- A---Town land, being sites reserved for towns or villages.
- B---Suburban land, being land in the vicinity of such sites.
- C---Rural land, being land neither from the unevenness of its surface or the quality of its soil unsuited for tillage.
- D---Pasture land, being such as from its hilly and broken character or inferior quality appears unsuitable for agricultural purposes.
- E---Land believed to contain minerals of value.

15. In determining within which class any particular lands are to be included, town

and suburban lands will be distributed so as to promote the settlement of the country, subject to enlargement or alteration from time to time. With regard to rural and pasture lands, their fitness or unfitness for the purposes of tillage, rather than their position, will be considered.

16. All lands, except as is otherwise herein provided, shall be sold by auction.

17. The upset price of town and suburban land shall be fixed by the Superintendent acting with the advice of his Executive Council and the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

18. The upset price of rural lands shall be from ten shillings to twenty shillings per acre, and of pasture lands from five shillings to ten shillings per acre, to be fixed in like manner.

19. The upset price of mineral land shall be fixed in like manner, subject to the provisions of clause 45 as to any land included in a mining lease.

20. No land shall be sold unless the same shall have been previously surveyed and set out upon the ground, and distinguished by an appropriate mark on the plan of the district within which it may be situated.

21. No land shall be sold by auction until the land to be sold, and the upset price thereof, and the time and place of sale, shall have been proclaimed in the "Government Gazette" and some newspaper circulated within the Province, for a period of not less than one calendar month, nor more than three months.

22. Sales of land, of which in accordance with the foregoing clause due notice has been given, will take place at intervals of three months.

23. Any person wishing to purchase portions of the Waste Lands of the Crown not advertised as about to be sold, must lodge an application at the Land Office describing the portion of land which he wishes to purchase and must deposit at the same time a sum of money at the rate of one shilling per acre upon the computed acreage of the land applied for. In case of the land indicated being already surveyed and marked out upon any plan in the office, it will be advertised without delay for the next auction sale which will allow the requisite public notice to be given. In case of the land not being upon any plan it will be surveyed and offered for sale on the next day of auction (with due notice) after such survey.

24. In the event of any land so applied for not being sold when put up to auction, the money deposited will be forfeited. But if such land is then sold the deposit will be returned or received as part of the purchase money, as the case may be.

25. The Commissioner of Crown Lands, or some other person duly authorized by the Governor to act in that behalf, shall conduct all sales by auction.

26. Immediate payment, in cash, of one tenth of the purchase-money, shall be the condition of every sale by auction; and in default thereof the land shall be again immediately put up to auction; the remaining nine-tenths must be paid by the purchaser within one calendar month of the day of sale, or the one-tenth deposited will be forfeited, and the whole transaction null and void.

27. Any lands put up to auction, and not sold, may, within six months next after such day of auction, be purchased by any person who shall pay for the same the original upset price in full at the time of making such purchase: Provided there has been no bidding for such lands, and in case of any bidding then the highest price bid. Provided also that any lands which may have been put up for sale, and not sold before these Regulations have come into operation, may be purchased in like manner, until such lands have been again offered by auction.

28. Provided also, that whenever the title to any Native land shall have been extinguished, it shall be lawful for the Governor, if he shall think fit, to permit any of the Native sellers to purchase, at a price to be assessed in the same manner as other Crown Lands, any portion of such land not being town or suburban land, and the same may be conveyed by Crown Grant accordingly.

29. Provided further that in certain cases where lands have been acquired by purchase from the Natives previous to the colonization of the Province by Europeans, or have been occupied with the consent of the Natives previous to the Proclamation of Sir George Grey, dated the 4th day of March, 1853, such persons or their descendants now in occupation of such lands shall be entitled to purchase the said lands or any portion thereof not exceeding in any case eighty acres at the rate of ten shillings per acre.

30. No portion of the land occupied by a pasture license-holder, whereon a homestead shall have been erected or improvements made, shall be offered for sale until the offer of purchasing such land shall have been made to such license-holder, at a price per acre assessed within the limits of the upset price of the class of land to which the land in question may belong.

31. The license-holder in such case will be entitled to purchase, upon the terms mentioned in the preceding clause, a block of land not exceeding eighty acres, containing his homestead and improvements; but he may be required to exercise his right of purchase at any time after one month's notice.

32. In case of the license-holder declining or neglecting to exercise his right of purchase, the land on which his homestead stands may be offered for sale, but in that case, the value of the improvements thereon shall be assessed in some equitable manner the land shall be offered for sale at a price made up of the upset price of the land and the value of the improvements. Should any other than the holder of the license become the purchaser, the value of his improvements will be paid to the license-holder immediately after the sale; but should there be no bidding for such homestead, the license-holder will be required to purchase the land at the upset price (minus the value of his improvements) immediately after the sale; should he not do so, the homestead may at any time be sold at such price as may be deemed expedient.

33. Whenever any portion of land comprised in any pasture license, shall be purchased by other than the holder of such license, it shall be lawful for the Commissioner to delay giving possession for any time not exceeding three months, to afford such license-holder a reasonable time for the removal of his property.

V. Naval and Military Settlers.

34. Any naval or military officer on full or half-pay, whether belonging to her Majesty's service or to that of the East India Company, who shall retire or obtain his discharge for the purpose of settling in New Zealand, shall be entitled so receive a money Certificate to the amount of £300, on his signing, and depositing with the Commissioner of Crown Lands, a Memorandum, that by the acceptance of such certificate he holds himself to have come under an honourable engagement, and does accordingly engage, to reside within the Province of Nelson for the space of two years from the issue of such certificate.

35. Non-commissioned Officers and Privates in Her Majesty's army or the Royal Marine, who, being on service in New Zealand, shall obtain their discharge there (such privates being discharged with good conduct certificates), shall, after a residence within the province of one year after discharge, be entitled to receive a money certificate to the following amount:—

Non-Commissioned Officers, or equivalent to that rank in the sea service. . .	£60
Privates, marines, and seamen . . .	£30

36. Every such money certificate shall at any time be received instead of money in payment, or part-payment, as the case may be, of the purchase money of Crown land purchased within the Province.

VI. *Scrip.*

37. The scrip issued in satisfaction of claims under land-orders of the New Zealand Company shall be taken in payment for Town and Suburban land, at the nominal value of such Scrip in pounds sterling. In the purchase of any other land one pound in Scrip shall represent the selling price of one acre, when such selling price does not exceed twenty shillings, and in other cases shall represent its nominal value of one pound.

VII. *Leasing of Mineral Lands.*

38. Any person applying for a lease of land, for the purpose of working minerals, shall be entitled to the same upon the following terms and conditions.

39. The amount of land to be leased shall be determined by the Superintendent, acting with the advice of his Executive Council and the Land Commissioner; in no case to exceed two square miles.

40. The term to be granted shall be any number of years, at the option of the lessee not exceeding twenty-one.

41. There shall be reserved a royalty, or rent of one-fifteenth of the minerals raised.

42. The lease shall contain clauses in the usual form:—

1. For securing the payment of the royalty or rent.
2. For enabling some person on part of the Government to enter and examine the mine.
3. For securing the regular, proper, and efficient winning and working of the minerals.
4. For making void the lease on breach of the stipulations on the part of the lessee therein contained.
5. For delivering up the property at the termination of the lease in good tenable repair.
6. For enabling the lessee to abandon the working of the minerals whenever he shall find the same unprofitable, and to surrender the lease.

43. In the event of simultaneous applications for a lease of the mineral land, the same will be put up to auction, and the upset price for a lease of twenty-one years shall be a rent or royalty of one-fifteenth of the minerals to be raised. All applications made on the same day shall be deemed simultaneous applications.

44. Every applicant for a mining lease, shall furnish to the Land Commissioner, at the time of making such application, a plan and description of the land applied for, which plan and description shall be made and prepared by a Surveyor, to be approved of by the said Commissioner.

45. The land, or any portion thereof, comprised in a mining lease, not exceeding 640 acres in any one block, shall, at the request of the lessee, at any time after the minerals shall have been worked for three years, be put up at an upset price of £1 per acre, subject to the lease thereof already granted.

46. A right of way will be reserved to lessees of mineral lands through the adjoining waste lands of the Crown, towards the most convenient place of shipment, or otherwise, as may be necessary for conveying away the produce; but such right of way will not be exclusively granted to any one lessee.

VIII. *Licenses to cut Timber on Crown Lands.*

47. The Rules and Regulations for the issue of Timber Licenses, made under the Crown Lands Ordinance, No. I, of Session 10, and Crown Lands Amendment Ordinance, No. 10, of Session 11, are hereby confirmed; provided that the land to be comprised in any one license shall in no case exceed ten acres; and provided also that the license may be issued by the Commissioner of Crown Lands in lieu of the Colonial Treasurer, as heretofore required.

IX. *Regulations for the Licensed Occupation of Pasture Lands in the Province of Nelson.*

1. All persons requiring occupation licenses for unoccupied portions of pasture lands in the Province of Nelson, shall lodge with the Land Commissioner of the district in which such run is situated, a description thereof, in form or to the effect of Schedule A, and shall, at the time of lodging such description, pay to the Commissioner a cash deposit according to the following scale, viz.—

- £15 for runs described as under 10,000 acres.
- £30 for runs described as under 20,000 acres.
- £50 for runs described as over 20,000 acres.

2. All applications which shall be regularly made, and in respect of which the required deposit shall have been paid, shall be immediately filed and registered in the Commissioner's office; and the register of all such applications shall be open to public inspection within office hours.

3. The Commissioner shall publish without delay, in the Government Gazette of the Province of Nelson, the description of every run thus applied for, together with the name of the applicant, and the amount paid in deposit.

4. The Commissioner and the Superin-

tendent, acting with the advice of his Executive Council, shall have power to hear and decide on all applications, and also all objections thereto, as well as all disputes in respect of conflicting applications.

5. All objections must be lodged before the Commissioner within three months after the date of the publication above referred to, and the ground of objection must be stated in writing; and no objection shall be entertained unless made prior to the lapse of that period.

6. In the event of any objection being duly laid before the Commissioner within the prescribed time, it shall be his duty to appoint by publication in the said Gazette, and in some newspaper circulated in the Province, as early a day for hearing and determining the claims of the respective parties as shall be compatible with a sufficient notice.

7. It shall be the duty of the Commissioner and the Superintendent, acting with the advice of his Executive Council, to hear and determine all such objections and conflicting applications, and also all disputes between holders of pasture occupation licenses, regarding the boundaries of their respective runs, in open court.

8. All applications made upon the same day, shall be deemed to be simultaneous applications, and the priority thereof shall be decided by lot.

9. The Commissioner may at any time require the holder of a license to distinguish the boundaries of his run by marked trees or posts, or otherwise, when they are not distinctly marked by nature.

10. So soon as practicable after the decision in favor of any applicant for a run, an occupation license in the form of Schedule B, to depasture Stock thereon for fourteen years, shall be issued to the applicant who shall pay for such license the sum of five pounds sterling, and shall be entitled to receive credit on account of rent reserved as under, to the extent of the deposit lodged by him, subject always to the following reservations and conditions.

1. No license whatever shall be issued until the approximate accuracy of the estimated acreage of the run be certified to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, and endorsed on a plan thereof, which plan shall exhibit as nearly as may be, the boundaries of the run, and shall be attached to the license. The applicant is bound to obtain such certificate and plan at his own expense and to lodge the same with the Commissioner within nine months from the date of the

decision in his favor in default of which the run will be declared by the Commissioner open to be applied for by any other person.

2. If at any time during the currency of such occupation license, the land comprised therein, or any part thereof, shall become included within the boundaries of any reserve, then the said occupation license shall cease and determine as to the land included within such boundaries, from and after the day on which it shall be notified that such reserve has been made.
3. If at any time during the currency of such occupation license, the land comprised therein, or any part thereof, shall be sold by or on behalf of the Crown, in that case also the said license shall cease and determine over so much of the land as shall have been sold from and after three months' notice of such sale in the said "Government Gazette."
4. Rent for a run shall be computed upon the acreage according to the following uniform rates. viz. :—
For the first seven years of occupation at the rate of one half-penny per acre per annum.
For the remaining seven years of occupation, at the rate of one penny per acre per annum.
5. All rents shall become due on the first day of January in each year, and shall be payable in advance, and shall be paid to the Land Commissioner during the month of January in each year: Provided that for licenses issued after the 30th June in any year, only half-a-year's rent shall be chargeable until the next ensuing month of January.
6. If any arrears of rent shall remain unsettled for a period of three months, the said license shall cease and determine, and the Land Commissioner for the district is thereupon required to notify in the said "Government Gazette," and some newspaper published within the Province, the forfeiture of such license, and to let the run to which it relates by public auction, whereof one month's notice shall be given, to the highest bidder, for a term of fourteen years, subject to

the conditions of these Regulations, provided always that the period of three months above referred to may be extended to six months, in case of the death of the run-holder.

7. Within twelve months after the issue of a license the holder thereof shall be required to place on the run at least one breeding ewe for every 20 acres, or else one cow for every 120 acres; and to maintain at least that number of breeding stock upon the run during the whole period of his occupancy. Should the holder of a license not comply with this condition, his deposit shall be absolutely forfeited and the run shall be let as provided in the foregoing clause.

11. In the event of any run in respect of which such deposit has been made not being afterwards awarded to the depositor by the Commissioner, the amount so deposited shall be returned immediately after the Commissioner's decision.

12. The beneficial interest in any occupation license may be at any time transferred by the licensed holder. In order to render such transfer valid, it shall be necessary—

1st. That all the conditions upon which the original license was granted shall have been complied with as to payment of rent, or otherwise.

2nd. That notification shall be given to the Commissioner within one month of the transfer having been effected.

13. The licensed occupier of any run shall have the right of pre-emption during the currency of his lease, to the extent of eighty acres immediately surrounding his homestead at such price to be assessed as hereinbefore mentioned.

14. A return of all occupation licenses issued during the past year, and of all transfers and decisions on disputed references, and a statement of all deposits and rents received during the same period, shall be published by the Commissioner in the said "Government Gazette" and some newspaper published within the Province during the month of February in each year.

15. From and after the time when these Regulations shall be in force no further licenses shall be issued under the Regulations of 1851, but all persons holding licenses under the Regulations of 1851, may at their option expressed in writing to the Commissioner within twelve months after the publication of the sanction of these Regulations, have licenses issued under these Regulations to date from the period of their expressing such option.

Schedule A.

Application for Pasture Licence
District of

Boundaries
Estimated extent
Deposit £
Signature of Applicant

Schedule B.

FORM OF LICENSE

WHEREAS A. B., of _____ has made application for a Pasture Occupation License in the District of _____ and has lodged with me the required description and deposit, and whereas the boundaries of the run thus applied for are set forth in a plan attached to this license, and the acreage contents satisfactorily certified:

Now, therefore I _____, do hereby license the said _____ to depasture stock upon the said land for the term of fourteen years from the date hereof, subject nevertheless to be sooner determined pursuant to the Regulations under which this license is issued and to be cancelled as in such Regulations provided.

Dated _____
(Signed) C. D.

Commissioner.

DONALD SINCLAIR,
Speaker.

E. W. STAFFORD,
Superintendent.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW ZEALAND.

*In the Estates of ROBERT DALRYMPLE and
FREDERICK DUFFIELD, of Auckland,
deceased Intestate.*

PURSUANT to the Rule of this Honorable Court, the Creditors of the above named Intestates, are, on or before the 9th day of August next, to come in and prove their Debts before Laughlin O'Brien, Esq., Registrar of the said Court, at his Office, in the Court House, Queen Street, Auckland, or, in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from all benefit arising from the said Estates.

L. O'BRIEN,
Registrar.

Supreme Court Office, Auckland,
16th May, 1856.

SUPREME COURT.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Sitting of the Supreme Court for the despatch of Criminal Business, will be holden at the Court House, Auckland, on MONDAY, the second day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and that a Sitting for the despatch of Civil Business will be holden at the Court House on SATURDAY, the seventh day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which times and place all persons under recognizance to appear as prosecutors, defendants, or witnesses, are required to give their attendance.

L. O'BRIEN,
Registrar.

Supreme Court Office, Auckland,
16th May, 1856.

A RETURN of the Value of GOODS IMPORTED and the number and tonnage of SHIPPING entered INWARDS at the Ports in the Province of WELLINGTON, for the year ended 31st December, 1855.

Ports.	Estimated value of Goods imported from					Shipping Inwards.										
	Great Britain.	British Colonies.	United States.	Foreign States.	Total.	Great Britain.		British Colonies.		United States.		Foreign States.		Total.		
						No.	Tons	No.	Tons	No.	Tons	No.	Tons	No.	Tons.	Men.
Wellington.	82,933 10 5	69,847 2 0	.. ..	1512 0 0	154,292 12 5	5	2469	39	6303			2	457	46	9229	497
Whanganui	.. ..	23,356 1 10	.. ..	.. ..	23,356 1 10			11	977					11	977	77
Totals ..	82,933 10 5	93,203 3 10	.. ..	1512 0 0	177,648 14 3	5	2469	52	7280			2	457	57	10206	574

Compiled from Records of the Colonial Secretary's Office.

HENRY SEWELL,
Colonial Secretary

A RETURN of the value of GOODS EXPORTED and the number and tonnage of SHIPPING cleared outwards at each of the Ports in the Province of WELLINGTON year ended 31st December, 1855.

Ports.	Estimated value of Goods exported from					Shipping outwards										
	Great Britain.	British Colonies.	United States.	Foreign States.	Total.	Great Britain.		British Colonies.		United States.		Foreign States.		Total.		
						No.	Tons	No.	Tons	No.	Tons	No.	Tons	No.	Tons	Men
Wellington.	11,168 14 6	51,823 6 7	.. ..	637 19 2	63,630 0 3	2	376	31	5682	..	..	13	3777	46	9835	523
Whanganui,	.. ..	9844 10 0	.. ..	.. ..	9844 10 0	..	..	13	1155	..	..	..	..	13	1155	86
Totals	11,168 14 6	61,667 16 7	.. ..	637 19 2	73,474 10 3	2	376	44	6837	..	..	13	3777	59	10990	609

Compiled from Records of the Colonial Secretary's Office.

HENRY SEWELL,
Colonial Secretary.

A RETURN of the Value of GOODS IMPORTED, and the Number and Tonnage of SHIPPING entered INWARDS at each of the Ports in the Province of CANTERBURY, for the year ended 31st December 1855.

Ports.	Estimated Value of Goods Imported from					Shipping Inwards.										
	Great Britain.	British Colonies.	United States.	Foreign States.	Total.	Great Britain.		British Colonies.		United States.		Foreign States.		Total.		
						No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	Men.
Victoria	35,937 19 8	59,918 10 10	.. ..	.. ..	95,856 10 6	4	2502	23	5303					27	7805	378
Akaroa..	654 3 4	844 0 0	238 0 0	.. ..	1,736 3 4											
Totals	36,592 3 0	60,762 10 10	238 0 0	.. ..	97,592 13 10	4	2502	23	5303					27	7805	378

Compiled from Records of the Colonial Secretary's Office.

HENRY SEWELL,
Colonial Secretary.

A RETURN of the Value of GOODS EXPORTED, and the Number and Tonnage of SHIPPING cleared OUTWARDS at each of the Ports in the Province of CANTERBURY for the year ended 31st December 1855.

Ports.	Estimated Value of Goods Exported from					Shipping Outwards.										
	Great Britain.	British Colonies.	United States.	Foreign States.	Total.	Great Britain.		British Colonies.		United States.		Foreign States.		Total.		
						No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	Men.
Victoria	42,583 5 0	.. ..	67 0 0	43,650 5 0			28	6940			5	2912	33	9252	393
Akaroa..	1,305 0 0	.. ..	.. ..	1,305 0 0			1	192					1	192	9
Totals	43,888 5 0	.. ..	67 0 0	43,955 5 0			29	7132			5	2912	34	9444	402

£10,000 worth of Specie was exported from the Province of Canterbury this year.

Compiled from Records of the Colonial Secretary's Office.

HENRY SEWELL,
Colonial Secretary.

RETURN of the Value of Goods IMPORTED and the Number and Tonnage of SHIPPING entered INWARDS at the Port in the Province of NEW PLYMOUTH, for the year ended 31st December, 1855.

Ports.	Estimated Value of Goods imported from					Shipping Inwards.										
	Great Britain.	British Colonies.	United States.	Foreign States.	Total.	Great Britain.		British Colonies.		United States.		Foreign States.		Total.		
						No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	Men.
New Plymouth ..	20,554 11 9	14,393 3 3	32 0 0	.. ..	34,979 15 0	2	1361	17	2164					19	3425	203

Compiled from Records of the Colonial Secretary's Office.

HENRY SEWELL,
Colonial Secretary.

A RETURN of the Value of Goods EXPORTED, and the Number and Tonnage of SHIPPING cleared OUTWARDS at the Port in the Province of NEW PLYMOUTH, for the year ended 31st December, 1855.

Port.	Estimated Value of Goods Exported from					Shipping Outwards.										
	Great Britain.	British Colonies.	United States.	Foreign States.	Total.	Great Britain.		British Colonies.		United States.		Foreign States.		Total.		
						No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	No.	tons.	Men.
New Plymouth	20,982 1 0	.. ..	.. ..	20,982 1 0			21	2677			3	1983	24	4620	243

Compiled from Records of the Colonial Secretary's Office.

HENRY SEWELL,
Colonial Secretary.